WHEREAS the People’s Palace Technical Schools were founded in 1887 and became the East London Technical College in 1896 which was, as East London College, first admitted as a School of the University of London in 1907:

AND WHEREAS the persons constituting the governing body of East London College were incorporated by the name of Queen Mary College under a Charter granted by His late Majesty King George the Fifth on the 30th day of November 1934:

AND WHEREAS Westfield College, University of London, was founded in 1882 to provide residence and instruction in a Christian context for women students preparing for the examinations of the University of London, and was admitted as a School of the University of London in 1902:

AND WHEREAS the governors of Westfield College were incorporated by a Charter granted by His late Majesty King George the Fifth on the 19th day of July 1933, subsequently amended in 1964 to allow the admission of male students, and a Supplemental Charter was granted to Westfield College by Her late Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Second on the 15th day of September 1976, which Charter redesignated the governing body as a Council, and which enjoined that the work of the College be carried on in accordance with Christian principles in a spirit of tolerance, freedom of opinion, mutual concern and community service and that facilities be provided for regular Christian worship in accordance with the doctrines of the Church of England:

AND WHEREAS in 1989, by virtue of the Queen Mary and Westfield College Act 1989, both the said colleges merged and their rights, properties, assets and obligations were transferred to a college which was incorporated by the name of Queen Mary and Westfield College,
University of London by a Charter granted by Her late Majesty Queen Elizabeth the Second on the 1st day of September 1989 (hereinafter referred to as “the Charter of 1989”):

AND WHEREAS The Medical College of St. Bartholomew’s Hospital in the City of London was recognised with the construction of a lecture theatre in 1791 and became a constituent body under the University of London in 1900:

AND WHEREAS the governors of The Medical College of St. Bartholomew’s Hospital were incorporated by a charter granted by His late Majesty King George the Fifth on the 26th day of July 1921 for the purpose of constituting a Collegiate Corporation with the objects among others of acquiring and taking over property and obligations of the medical officers and lecturers of St. Bartholomew’s Hospital and of the governors of that Hospital in connection with the education of students of medicine and the property held in trust for or in connection with the same purposes and of carrying on the work of the medical school of that Hospital:

AND WHEREAS on the 30th day of March 1949 The London Hospital Medical College (which was founded in 1785 and from 1900 had been an unincorporated general medical school of the University of London associated with the Teaching Hospital known as The London Hospital) was incorporated by a scheme pursuant to section 15 of the National Health Service Act 1946 as a body corporate, with the main objects of taking over and carrying on the former Medical College, continuing the work of medical and dental education and research previously carried on by the former Medical College and promoting research connected with or likely to advance the condition of the sciences and arts of medicine and surgery and other connected sciences and arts:

AND WHEREAS in 1995, by virtue of the Queen Mary and Westfield College Act 1995, The Medical College of St. Bartholomew’s Hospital in the City of London and The London Hospital Medical College were united with Queen Mary and Westfield College, University of London and their rights, properties, assets and obligations were transferred to that College with the exception of a freehold property in Charterhouse Square, London, which was transferred to The Medical College of St. Bartholomew’s Hospital Trust:

AND WHEREAS the Charter of 1989 was amended, on the 12th day of February 2008 to provide for Queen Mary and Westfield College, University of London to award its own degrees and other academic awards, and on the 13th day of June 2013 to amend the name of Queen Mary and Westfield College, University of London to Queen Mary University of London:

AND WHEREAS a Petition has been presented unto Us by the Council of Queen Mary University of London humbly praying that We would be graciously pleased to grant it a Supplemental Charter in order to
recognise its change in status to become a university, whilst remaining as a member institution of the University of London:

NOW THEREFORE KNOW YE that We, having taken the said Petition into Our Royal consideration by virtue of Our Prerogative Royal and of Our especial grace, certain knowledge and mere motion have been pleased to will and ordain and by these Presents do for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, will and ordain as follows:

1. At the date of the grant of this Our Charter, the body politic and corporate created by the Charter of 1989 and known as “Queen Mary University of London” (hereinafter referred to as “the University”) shall be granted the status of a university, and the Charter of 1989, except insofar as it continues in force the incorporation of the University, and the conferring of perpetual succession and a common seal, shall be and is hereby revoked, but nothing in this revocation shall affect the legality or validity of any act, deed, or thing lawfully done or executed under the provisions of the said Charter.

2. The Objects of the University shall be to promote, for the public benefit, education, research and scholarship and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, for that purpose to provide courses and instruction leading to degrees and other academic awards of the University of London (hereinafter referred to as “the University of London”) and/or the University and to promote and undertake research, and to disseminate the results of such research.

3. The University, subject to this Our Charter and to the Statutes and Regulations of the University of London, shall have all the powers of a natural person and thus power to do any lawful thing in furtherance of its Objects and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, shall have power: to award all forms of degrees, diplomas and certificates to persons who have met the requirements for award as approved by the University and to award all forms of degrees, diplomas and certificates in conjunction with other institutions to persons who have met the requirements for award as approved by the University, including dual and joint awards.

4. The University shall uphold freedom of speech within the law and academic staff shall have freedom within the law to question and test accepted ideas, and to put forward new ideas and controversial or unpopular opinions, without placing themselves in jeopardy of losing their jobs or privileges.

5. The University shall be committed to the fair and equal treatment of every person and shall only discriminate on grounds permitted or required by law.

6. We reserve unto Ourself, Our Heirs and Successors to be the Visitor of the University, acting through the Lord President of Our
Privy Council, or, on representation of the Council, to appoint by Order in Council, a Visitor for such period as We, Our Heirs or Successors shall see fit, and the Visitor’s decision on matters within his or her jurisdiction shall be final.

7. There shall be a Council of the University. The Council shall be the supreme governing body of the University and shall act in a way that promotes the University’s interests. Subject to the Charter, and in furtherance of its role as the governing body, the Council shall exercise all the powers of the University; and without limiting the above, the Council has the specific powers set out in the Ordinances.

8. The Council shall:

(a) have ultimate responsibility for the affairs of the University;
(b) determine the strategic direction of the University;
(c) ensure the effective management and control of the University’s affairs, property and finances;
(d) set the framework for determining the structure, staffing and overall composition of the University;
(e) set the framework for determining the pay and conditions of service of staff;
(f) appoint the President and Principal of the University.

9. The Council shall comprise not more than 23 members such that there is a majority of members who are not staff or students of the University (hereinafter referred to as “external members”), and consist of at least:

(a) ten external members, of whom two are nominated by the Drapers’ Company, appointed by the Council;
(b) the President and Principal (ex-officio);
(c) two Senior Officers nominated by the President and Principal in a way that may be prescribed by Ordinance, appointed by the Council;
(d) the President of the Students’ Union (ex-officio);
(e) four academic staff members who are not Senior Officers, elected by the staff of the University in a way prescribed by Ordinance;
(f) one staff member who is not an academic staff member or a Senior Officer, elected by the staff of the University in a way prescribed by Ordinance.
10. The terms of office for members of Council, unless there are special circumstances, shall be:

(a) Four years for an external member, commencing from the date of his/her appointment to Council and extendable by one further period of four years.

(b) Four years for an elected member, commencing from the date of his/her appointment to Council, following the election, and extendable by one further period of four years, subject to re-election. Where, before the completion of his/her current term of office, a member in this category ceases to meet the criteria under which he/she was elected for a period lasting twelve consecutive calendar months or more, or commences a period of sabbatical or other planned leave lasting twelve consecutive calendar months or more, he/she shall cease to be a member of Council.

(c) Four years for a Senior Officer, commencing from the date of his/her appointment to Council, following his/her nomination, and extendable by one further period of four years, subject to re-nomination. Where a member in this category ceases to be a Senior Officer, or commences a period of sabbatical or other planned leave lasting twelve consecutive calendar months or more before the completion of his/her term of office, he/she shall cease to be a member of Council.

(d) A former member shall be eligible for re-appointment for the terms of office specified above following a period of two years from the end of his/her second consecutive period of office.

11. A member who does not attend for twelve consecutive calendar months shall be deemed to have resigned his/her membership unless the Council decides otherwise.

12. The quorum for a meeting of Council shall be seven such that there is a majority of external members. Ordinary meetings of Council shall take place as determined by Ordinance. A meeting of Council includes (except where inconsistent with any legal obligation):

(a) a physical meeting;

(b) a video conference, an internet video facility or similar electronic method allowing simultaneous visual and audio participation; and

(c) telephone conferencing.

The Council may decide as an exception to consider a resolution in writing or in electronic form outside one of its Ordinary meetings. A resolution that is presented for consideration in this
form and agreed by all members of Council that are entitled to receive notice of a meeting and to vote upon the resolution shall be valid and effectual as if it has been passed at a meeting of Council duly convened and held.

13. The Council shall elect a Chair and a Vice-Chair from amongst its external members. The period of office of Chair and Vice-Chair shall be four years from the date of appointment to the role, following the election, or the remainder of that member’s term of membership of the Council, whichever is shorter. The same member shall be eligible for re-election as Chair or Vice-Chair for one further period of office. There may be other officers of Council as prescribed by Ordinance.

14. Subject to the provisions of this Our Charter and the Ordinances, the Council may delegate such of its functions, powers and duties to such bodies or individuals as it may think fit. In accordance with the relevant Ordinances, the Council may appoint standing and temporary committees, formed from its own number or otherwise, which shall have the power to establish sub-committees unless the Council has provided to the contrary.

15. The Council may not delegate its powers:

(a) to appoint the President and Principal and to approve the President and Principal’s terms and conditions of appointment;

(b) to approve the annual budget;

(c) to amend the Charter under the provisions set out;

(d) to make Ordinances;

(e) to adopt the University’s Annual Accounts;

(f) to appoint the University’s Auditors.

16. The Council shall appoint an Auditor or Auditors. Every such Auditor shall be a member of a recognised supervisory body who is eligible for appointment under the rules of that body. There shall be an Audit Committee.

17. There shall be a Senate of the University (hereinafter called “the Senate”) whose constitution and membership shall be as prescribed by Ordinance and it shall, subject to the general superintendence and control of the Council, be the body responsible for the academic activity of the University.

18. There shall be a President and Principal of the University (hereinafter referred to as “the President and Principal”) who shall be appointed by the Council and who shall be the chief academic and accounting officer of the University and whose powers and duties shall, subject to the provisions of this Our Charter, be as prescribed by Ordinance. There may be other Senior Officers of the University as prescribed by Ordinance.
19. There shall be a Students’ Union of the University whose constitution, membership, powers and functions shall be prescribed by Ordinance.

20. The Council may at any time add to, amend or revoke any of the provisions of this Our Charter by Special Resolution, and any such addition, amendment or revocation shall, have effect so that this Our Charter shall, when allowed by Us, Our Heirs or Successors in Council, thereafter continue and operate as if it had been originally granted and made as so added to, amended or revoked, and this provision shall apply to this Our Charter as so revoked or varied. Where an addition, amendment or revocation sought affects academic policy the Senate shall be consulted.

21. A “Special Resolution” means a resolution passed at a meeting, of which at least twenty-one days' notice has been given, of not less than two-thirds of the members of the Council by a majority of not less than three-quarters of those present and voting at the meeting.

22. Subject to the provisions of this Our Charter, the Council may make such Ordinances and Regulations as it considers appropriate for the purpose of fulfilling the objects of the University, provided that no Ordinance shall have effect if it be repugnant to the provisions of this Our Charter, or to the Statutes and Regulations of the University of London, and that no Ordinance which affects academic policy shall be made until the Senate has been consulted.

23. Our Royal Will and Pleasure is that this Our Charter shall ever be construed benevolently and in every case most favourably to the University and to the promotion of the objects of this Our Charter.

IN WITNESS whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent.

WITNESS Ourself at Westminster the twenty-fifth day of May two thousand and twenty-three in the first year of Our Reign.

BY WARRANT UNDER THE KING’S SIGN MANUAL